





Boost Program

SUMMER EDITION 2020

Cyber Security Package: 007

- On't Let the Hackers In
- Cyber Fundamentals including Hands-on training





Training Catalogue 02/07/2020

KAÏNA-COM TRAINING CATALOGUE

Don't Let the Hackers In













KSE003 - Don't Let the Hackers In

Reference	KSE003
Experience	☑ Beginner☑ Intermediate☐ Advanced
Duration	Training Program: • 24 hours (4 hours/day)
Training Method	 ☐ I: i-learning, individual training (web-based training) ☐ V: v-learning, virtual class ☐ C: c-learning, classroom training KAÏNA-COM LE CARRÉ HAUSSMANN II, 6 Allée de la Connaissance 77127 Lieusaint - France
Prerequisite	Understanding computer software and architecture.
Audience	Anyone who needs to learn about anti-hacking techniques.
	Continued on next page











KSE003 - Don't Let the Hackers In, Continued

Objective

Computer and information security is of utmost importance in today's technological (and political?) environment. The threats imposed by viruses, Trojan horses and other software malware is well known, as is the problem of the hackers – both those programmers who breaks into computer systems because of the challenge imposed and those who break in for criminal or terrorist purposes – to steal, change or destroy information. In this "anti-hacker" course, participants learn about the basic threats hackers pose and what is needed in order to protect computer systems from them.











KSE003 - Don't Let the Hackers In, Continued

Course Contents

Course Contents:

Table 1: KSE003 - Course Contents

Chapter	Description
Introduction	What's there to worry about
Organizational Threats	UsersHostServerPerimeter
Defense Methodologies	 Defense in depth IATF ISSE Technology environment defined
Defense Tools	UsersHostServerPerimeter
Security Assessment Demonstration	ConceptsTools
The End	SummaryQ&AEvaluation











Training Catalogue 02/07/2020

KAÏNA-COM TRAINING CATALOGUE

Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on

Hands-on course to provide insights into the modern security environment, the cyber threat landscape and attacker mentality













KSE012 – Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on

Reference	KSE012	
Experience	Beginner☑ Intermediate☐ Advanced	
Duration	Training Program: • 24 hours (4 hours/day)	
Training Method	I: i-learning, individual training (web-based training)	
	C: c-learning, classroom training	
	KAÏNA-COM	
	LE CARRÉ HAUSSMANN II,	
	6 Allée de la Connaissance	
	77127 Lieusaint - France	
Prerequisite	Basic Knowledge of IP Networking	
Audience	High level Managers, Presale Managers, IT Managers, QA and Technical Support.	













KSE012 - Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on, Continued

Objective

The main goal of the Cyber security course is to cover some fundamentals cyber security topic, to provide insights into the modern security environment, the cyber threat landscape and attacker mentality, including how attackers work, what tools they use, what vulnerabilities they target and what they're really after.











KSE012 - Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on, Continued

Course Contents

Course Contents:

Table 1: KSE012 - Course Contents (Day#1)

Chapter	Description
Introduction to Cyber Security	 Hacking History Cyber Attacks Trends External and Internal threats Hackers Types Threats and attacks Security Criteria's Threat Taxonomy Models summary
Basics of Security Management	 Security Layers Defending concept according OSI Layers Security modules and functionalities NAT- Network Address Translation Firewalls Types Network Access Control (NAC) IDS and IPS Encryption protocols: IPSec, TLS and SRTP Replay Attacks Protection Server Hardening
TCP/IP vulnerabilities	 Network Layer (IP) services – 3rd Layer IP Header Structure MTU and Fragmentation process IP Addressing – issues and solutions ARP, DHCP, NAT Transportation Layers: TCP, UDP, SCTP
Introduction to Cryptography	 Public and Private keys Symmetric and Asymmetric encryption keys DES and Triple DES AES and RSA methods













KSE012 - Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on, Continued

Course Contents, continued

Table 2: KSE012 - Course Contents (Day#2)

Chapter	Description
Chapter	PFF, Proxy GW, Stateful Inspection
Firewall	Management menu
	Rules and policy
	What is IPTables?
	Chains and Chain Policy
	Creating Rules and Rules Examples
IPTables	Connection States
IPTables Firewall	User Defined Chains
	Logging Events/Packets
	Advanced Examples
	Managing IPTables Firewall
	Basic Scanning Techniques
	Discovery Option
	Operation System Detection
Network and Vulnerabilities	Nmap Script Engine
Scanning	Nmap GUI
	Vulnerabilities Information Sources
	Vulnerabilities Scanners
	What is Kali Linux?
	Some Kali Facts
	Installing Kali Linux
Kali Linux	Tools Categories
	Kali Desktop
	Kali Top Tools
	Kali Linux Alternatives
Network	NMAP – Networks Scanning for Topology
Scanning –	analysis and network Mapping
Hands-on Session	OpenVAS for vulnerabilities scanning and analysis













KSE012 – Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on, Continued

Course Contents, continued

Chapter	Description
Services	Numbers Harvesting
inspection -	Conferences eavesdropping
Hands-on	Password capture
	FW Rules setting
Firewall -	Denial of Service and DDoS attacks
Hands-on Session	Port scanning and vulnerabilities
	Blocking scenarios

Table 3: KSE012 - Course Contents (Day#3)

Chapter	Description
	• Certificates and X.509 ITU-T Standard
Certificates and Authentication	HTTP digest authentication
process	Authentication scheme for a trusted domain
p. 0000	Authentication Challenges
	• What is Penetration Testing?
	• Reasons for Pen Testing
	Hackers and Pen Testing
	• Vulnerabilities
Penetration Testing	What do we test
. coung	• Pen Testing Phases
	• Types of Testing
	• Areas of Penetration Tests
	• References
Network Penetration	Hands-on Session
Wireless	John the Ripper/Crunch
Network	Brute-force search
penetration- Hand-on	Brute-force attack
Session	• Password cracking/ WPA2 crack













KSE012 – Cyber Security Fundamentals including Hands-on, Continued

Course Contents, continued

Chapter	Description
	Policy enforcement
	Organization Security personal and hierarchic
	Chief Information Security Officer – CISO
	Penetration Tester / Hacker
	• Forensics
Security	Information Security Administrator: ISAD
Summary	Information Security Auditor
	Application Development Security Expert
	InfoSec Systems Project Manager
	InfoSec Incident Expert
	Physical InfoSec Expert
	Behavior Analysis Expert and To-Do-List
	• Summary
The End	• Q&A
	Evaluation





